THE INFORMATION CONSULTATIVE TECHNOLOGIES USE IN DENTISTRY AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY.

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The Abstract. The possibilities of the electronic technologies using in the dentistry, and the sociological survey opinions results of the doctors – dentists, concerning the opportunities to be used of the information consultative technologies in the dentistry have been presented in this paper.

Thus, in the recent years, the telecommunication technologies' using in the public health has already been opened up, principally, the new possibilities for the challenges' solving of the clinical, educational, organizational, and managerial nature [1, 2].

So, the existing situation in the dentistry is characterized by the dentists' and dental practitioners' deficiency in the municipal rural regions, the high level staff turnover, the insufficient their qualifications, that is determined the development urgency of the management solutions, on the basis of the information and computer technologies (ICT) using [3].

So, the medical workers' insufficient qualifications and the health workers' inadequate training is, practically, resulted in the considerable proportion of the errors in the teeth and the mouth diagnostics and diseases' treatment, which, in its turn, is indicated on the use expanding feasibility of the telemedicine technologies in the dentistry.

Thus, the remote diagnostics, the tele-consultancy, the distance education, as well the medical help management, as the health care organization are the main directions of the information and telecommunication technologies using, from the world and Russian telemedicine experience. So, the prophylaxis is the significant branch of the working in the dentistry, which can be actively used by the Internet – medicine. Finally, the basic electronic technologies in the dentistry are the following: E – Mail, WEB – service, as well as videoconferencing (Table No.1).

The Table No.1.

The Electronic Technologies Using in the Dentistry and Maxillofacial Surgery.

Technologies	Medical	Education	Prophylaxis	Management and	
	help			organization	
Electronic	Delayed	Educational and	Prophylactic	Official documents	
mail	tele-	methodological	materials	delivery, data	
	consultations	materials delivery	delivery	collection	
WEB - service	Information	Electronic	Information	Orders,	
	placing on	textbooks,	prophylactic	programs on	
	clinical	electronic	resources, forums	websites	
	cases	libraries	for population	placement	

Video-	Tele-	Video lectures,	Interactive commu-	Videoconferencing
conferencing	consultations,	seminars,	nication between	on dental
	intra-surgical	demonstration	physicians and	assistance
	monitoring	operations	patients	

The ICT can be efficiently used for the remote diagnostics, tele-consultation, and it, moreover, can be used in the distance education of the medical staff, as well as in the dental diseases management and prophylaxis.

So, the sociological surveys, having conducted by us, have been focused the information awareness on the doctors – dental surgeons' telemedicine challenges of the different specialities at the various levels of the dental care provision.

The doctors – dentists' questionnaire survey has been conducted in the rural municipal regions of the Orenburg region, directly at the workplaces, and during the regional scientific and practical conferences conducting. So, the 138 questionnaires have been subjected to the statistic analysis. As a result of the already made analysis, it has been established, that the computer technique and its equipment is practically available in nearly almost in all the medical Institutions and its settings. In 57,5% of the medical Institutions and its settings of the dental profile health facilities, the doctors of which were covered by the questionnaire survey, there was the digital X – ray equipment, including the obtained one by the public health modernization program.

The 68,1% of the physicians have already indicated their ability to be worked on the computer. The 54,2% of the physicians have already used the computer data processing results in their work.

Thus, 48,2% of the doctors – dentists are used the E – Mail, 31,5% are used the Internet networking, including the search for the necessary documents for their work, and 17,3% are, practically, used the «Skype» videoconferencing program. So, the respondents have not had any practical skills to be used the telemedicine technologies, at the questionnaire survey time. The telemedicine tasks and challenges have not been familiar, at the questionnaire survey time, at 48,2% of the physicians.

The responses analysis to the questions on the telemedicine attitudes has been shown, that more than two – third of the doctors – dentists are quite positively related towards the telemedicine technologies adoption and their further use (e.g. Table No.2).

The Table No. 2.

The Doctors – Dentists' Questionnaire Survey Results on the Using Challenges of the Informational and Tele-Communication Technologies (e.g. in %).

<u>No</u>	<u>Question:</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>no</u>	insignifi-	<u>Idon't</u>	<u>total</u>
				<u>cantly</u>	know	

<u>1.</u>	Do we need <mark>,</mark> in principle, the	<u>69,3</u>	<u>6,3</u>	13,0	<u>11,4</u>	100,0
	E-Public Health Technologies?					
2.	Is there a need for the telemedicine	59,6	21,9	10,9	7,6	100,0
	consultations on the dentistry					
	and maxillofacial surgery?					
3.	Is it necessary the distant	78,5	8,3	11,7	1,5	100,0
	education in the dentistry?					
4.	Do we need the information technologies	51,5	12,3	16,2	20,0	100,0
	to be used in the management?					
5.	Do you think it is necessary to be placed	61,8	18,6	12,7	7,9	100,0
	the prophylactic resources on the dentistry					
	for the population in the Internet?					

Thus, the doctors – dentists' questionnaire survey has already been found the preference of the tele-educational technologies using over the tele-consultations needs, that, it may be explained by the relative information scarcity for the doctors – dentists, having worked in the municipal clinics. So, all these peculiarities and specific features have already been taken into account at the information activities planning on the telemedicine among the doctors – dentists in the Orenburg region (e.g. the Russian Federation).

The References:

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